

Technical Information Operating Instructions

Line Interface Unit v2.0

Impressum

Meinberg Funkuhren GmbH & Co. KG Lange Wand 9 D-31812 Bad Pyrmont

Phone: +49 (0) 52 81 / 9309-0 Fax: +49 (0) 52 81 / 9309-30

Internet:http://www.meinberg.deEmail:info@meinberg.de

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Features LIU



The board LIU (Line Interface Unit) was designed to convert the GPS-locked standard frequency of a preconnected Meinberg satellite controlled clock GPS170 or GPS170SV into several timing signals that can be used for various synchronization or measurement tasks. Typical applications are:

- Measurement and test of synchronization quality of Telecom networks
- Calibration and synchronization of laboratory equipment
- Test of synchronization of radio transmitters / base stations (GSM / CDMA / UMTS / DAB / DVB)

There are two seperate signal paths on the board LIU. One is for providing the standard frequencies, the second path is for generation of the 'telecom-signals'. All output signals have high accuracy and stability because they are derived from GPS-disciplined standard frequencies generated by the preconnected GPS-clock. Depending on the oscillator option of the preconnected clock, the following accuracies can be achieved:

oscillator option of clock	short term stability GPS-synchronised
OCXO MQ OCXO HQ	$\pm 2 \cdot 10^{-10}$ $\pm 5 \cdot 10^{-12}$
Rubidium	$\pm 2.10^{-12}$

Block diagram

The following block diagram illustrates the functional principle of the board LIU:



Standard frequencies

The 5 MHz and 10 MHz standard frequencies are derived directly from the master oscillator of the preconnected GPS-clock. This oscillator is phase locked to the precise PPS-signal (pulse per second generated from GPS-receiver), thus the standard frequencies are locked to the PPS also. After passing an additional filter and an amplifier circuit, the standard frequencies can be optionally fed to BNC-connectors.

Telecom signals

These signals can be devided into two groups:

the clock outputs and the 'framed' outputs, that are provided by a framer and line interface device on the board LIU. All clock signals needed for generation of the 'telecom outputs' are phase locked to a 4.096 MHz reference clock, which is generated by a frequency synthesizer on the preconnected GPS-clock. This synthesizer is phase locked to the PPS-signal and frequency locked to the master oscillator of the clock.

The module LIU is able to generate signals for the American T1- or the European E1system. The mode of operation depends on the position of a DIP-switch or the state of a control input in the following way:

DIP-switch 1 "ON" or control input "low":	E1-mode
DIP-switch 1 "OFF" or control input "high":	T1-mode

The clock outputs are standard frequencies of either 1544 kHz (T1) or 2048 kHz (E1). Four unbalanced and four balenced outputs according to ITU-T G703-13 (CCITT recommendation 'Physical/electrical characteristics of hierarchical digital interfaces) are available via BNC- and BNC-Twinax-connectors.

The 'framed' outputs are consisting of data signals known from digital telephony, which are distributed by using a special frame structure. As a synchronization unit, LIU only generates a 'framed all ones' signal (data byte 0xFF hex) with a transmission speed of either 1.544 Mbps (T1) or 2.048 Mbps (E1). Four outputs according to ANSI T.403 (T1-mode) or ITU-T G703-9 (E1-mode) are available either unbalanced via BNC connectors or balanced via BNC-Twinax connectors. Two different line codes used for error correction are known for the transmission of framed signals. The board LIU generates B8ZS- (in T1-mode) or HDB3-coded (in E1-mode) output signals by standard. The generated coding depends on the position of the DIP-switch no. 4 in the following way:

DIP-switch 4 "OFF":	HDB3- (E1) or B8ZS-coding (T1)
DIP-switch 4 "ON":	AMI-coding

Pulse templates

The following pulse templates are required by ANSI (T1-mode) and CCITT (E1-mode) for output signals in telecom applications. The board LIU meets these recommendations.

<u>T1 (T.403):</u>



E1 (G.703):



Technical specification LIU

INPUT SIGNALS:	10 MHz, TTL level 4.096 MHz reference clock, sine-wave 1.5 V eff.	
FREQUENCY OUTPUTS:	10 MHz and 5 MHz sinewave, 0.6 Vrms into 50 Ω	
CLOCK OUTPUTS:	1544 kHz or 2048 kHz according to G703 4 outputs 75 Ω unbalanced , BNC and 4 outputs 120 Ω balanced , BNC-Twinax	
FRAMED OUTPUTS:	1.544 Mbps or 2.048 Mbps 4 output 75 Ω unbalanced , BNC or 4 output 120 Ω balanced , BNC-Twinax B8ZS/HDB3 or AMI line coding Framer and line interface meets following recommendations: T1-mode: ITU I.431 AT&T PUB43801 TR-62411 ANSI T1.102, T.403, T.408 E1-mode: ITU-T G.703, G.704, G.706, G.775, G.796, G.732, G.823 I.431	
SHORT TERM STABILTTY:	depends on oscillator option of GPS-clock	
ACCURACY:	depends on oscillator option of GPS-clock	
POWER REQUIREMENTS	: 5 V ± 5%, @350 mA	
DIMENSIONS:	Eurocard, 100mm x 160mm, 1.5mm Epoxy	
FRONT PANEL:	3U / 14HP (128 mm high x 71.1 mm wide), Aluminium	
CONNECTORS:	according to DIN 41612, type C 64, rows a+c (male) 4 BNC- and 8 BNC-Twinax-connectors	
AMBIENT TEMPERATURE:	0 50 °C	
HUMIDITY:	85% max.	

Name of signal	contact	description
GND	32a+c	reference potential
VCC in (+5V)	1a+c	+5V power supply
/BSL	4a	control input for firmware updates
		TTL level, active low
/Reset in/out	9c	reset signal, TTL level, active low
10MHz in	12a	reference frequency 10 MHz, TTL level
CLK 4.096MHz in	21c	reference frequency 4.096 MHz, sine-wave
COM0 TxD out	26c	COM0 RS-232 output
COM0 RxD in	30c	COM0 RS-232 input
SW1 in	16c	input for mode control, TTL level
		low: E1-mode
		high: T1-mode
SW2 in	15c	control input reserved for expansion, TTL level
SW3 in	14c	control input reserved for expansion, TTL level

Signals at the VG-connector

Rear connector pin assignments

	а	с
1	VCC in (+5V)	VCC in (+5V)
2		
3		
4	/BSL	
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		/Reset in/out
10		
11		
12	10MHz in	
13		
14		SW3 in
15		SW2 in
16		SW1 in
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		4.096MHz sine in
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		COM0 TxD out
27		
28		
29		
30		COM0 RxD in
31		
32	GND	GND

